

Layer 2 Switching Core Switch



AI Overview

A Layer 2 core switch operates at the Data Link layer, providing high-speed switching and connectivity within a network backbone, primarily using MAC addresses to forward traffic.

Overview of Layer 2 Core Switches

A Layer 2 core switch functions at the Data Link layer (Layer 2) of the OSI model, forwarding Ethernet frames based on MAC addresses rather than IP addresses. It is typically deployed at the core layer of a hierarchical network, acting as the backbone that interconnects distribution and access switches, ensuring efficient communication across the network.

Key Features

- MAC Address Table:** Maintains a table mapping connected devices' MAC addresses to specific ports, enabling precise frame forwarding.
- VLAN Support:** Can segment the network into Virtual LANs (VLANs), allowing logical separation of traffic while remaining within the same broadcast domain.
- High-Speed Switching:** Designed to handle large volumes of traffic with minimal latency, often supporting speeds up to 100 Gbps in enterprise environments.
- Collision Domain Management:** Reduces collisions by isolating traffic at the port level, improving overall network performance.
- Limited Routing:** Unlike Layer 3 switches, Layer 2 core switches cannot route traffic between different subnets; they rely on routers or Layer 3 switches for inter-VLAN or inter-subnet communication.

Role in Network Hierarchy

In a three-tier network architecture:

- Core Layer:** Layer 2 core switches act as the backbone, aggregating traffic from distribution switches and forwarding it efficiently to other parts of the network.
- Distribution Layer:** Often uses Layer 2 or Layer 3 switches to manage traffic between VLANs and reduce congestion before it reaches the core.
- Access Layer:** Connects end devices like computers, IP phones, and wireless access points, typically using Layer 2 switches.

Advantages

- High Throughput:** Optimized for fast frame forwarding within the same broadcast domain.
- Simplified Management:** Easier to configure than Layer 3 switches for purely intra-network traffic.
- Cost-Effective:** Less...

Article Content

What Is a Core Switch? Network Backbone Architecture

Massive, high-capacity core switches often deliberately offload complex policy routing, packet filtering, and Access Control Lists (ACLs) to the

The Ultimate Guide to layer 2 managed switch RFQ:

Core Architecture & Hardware Topology of Layer 2 Managed Switches 1. Switching Fabric and Non-Blocking Design A carrier-grade layer 2 managed switch must

Network Switches

Cisco network switches deliver performance, flexibility, and security. Cisco switches are scalable and cost-efficient and meet the demands of hybrid work.

Which Layer Is the Core Switch Really In? 2026 L2 vs L3 Practical Guide

To enable traffic, you must establish a core switch in the physical core layer. The core switch plays the leading role and supports other switches. Therefore, it is a high-capacity switch that

Difference between layer-2 and layer-3 switches

Layer 2 switches operate at the data link layer, forwarding data based on MAC addresses, while layer 3 switches route traffic using IP addresses.

MikroTik · Switches

This switch is your next leap forward – a powerful, efficient, and cost-effective way to bring 50G, 200G, and 400G into your rack. Quad-core 2 GHz ARM CPU, dual

Access, Distribution, and Core Layers Explained

This tutorial provides an overview of the access, distribution, and core layers and explains two-tier and three-tier campus LAN designs.

Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches Data Sheet

The Cisco® Catalyst® 9500 Series switches are the next generation of enterprise-class core and aggregation layer switches, supporting full

PLANET Technology 2025–2026 Switch Lineup: Six Models for Every

PLANET Technology continues to expand its managed switching portfolio with solutions that span the full spectrum of modern network requirements — from compact multi-gigabit PoE+ +

Core Differences Between Layer 2 and Layer 3 Switches

· Layer Positioning: The data link layer (Layer 2) of the OSI model, realizing local forwarding of data frames based on MAC addresses. · Core Task: Establishing direct L3 or L2 Link between Core Switches

We are planning to introduce distribution switches to migrate the L2 boundary to those switches instead of the CORE ones, so the vlans will be expanded to those distribution switches (L2)

Layer 3 Switch Example

Configuring the Switch Ports Additional Considerations Switch Management IP and Layer 3 Interfaces (SVIs) Related KBs This article outlines a basic example of how layer 3 routing functionality on MS

L1, L2, L3, and L4 in Networking Explained Simply (OSI

Learn L1, L2, L3, and L4 in networking with simple examples. Understand OSI layers, switches, routers, TCP/UDP, and real-world interview

Choosing the Right Layer 2 vs Layer 3 Managed Switch for Smart City ...

This technical white paper evaluates the architectural differences, functional boundaries, and optimization strategies for deploying Layer 2 and Layer 3 managed switches within a smart city

L2 vs L3 switching explained (and when you need each)

Layer 2 vs Layer 3 switching in plain English — what each does, VLAN routing, and how to decide which your network needs.

Core Switch vs. Distribution Switch vs. Access Switch

Further different types of network switches used in these networks are discussed, namely, core switches, distribution switches (layer 2 switches), and access

Chapter 1. Packet Forwarding

Packet Forwarding This chapter covers the following subjects: Network Device Communication: This section explains how switches forward traffic from a Layer

Cloud Network Infrastructure

Layer3 / ECMP The L3LS network design is a two-tier architecture comprising of 2-128 spine switches and one or more Top-of-Rack (ToR) leaf switches. Leaf

S3410-24TS-P, 24-Port Gigabit Ethernet L2+ PoE+ Switch, 24 x PoE

Overview The S3410-24TS-P is a high-performance Layer 2+ Gigabit Ethernet switch designed for campus network environments. It features 24 ports of 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 with support for

HPE Aruba Networking CX switches

HPE Aruba Networking CX 6400 Switch Series High-availability modular chassis and line card switches for versatile edge aggregation, core, and data center

Cisco Switch Selector

These entry-level, noiseless Gigabit Ethernet switches provide enterprise-class Layer 2 switching with basic security, quality of service (QoS), Power over

Cisco vs Aruba Switches: Enterprise Comparison Guide

Cisco vs Aruba for Distribution and Campus Core Networks When moving up to the distribution and campus core, resiliency, scale, and routing

Two-Tier Core

Configure Two-Tier core switches as a VSX pair for Layer 2 aggregation of the data center access switches, IP data center services, and

Contact Us

For more information, pricing, or custom solutions, please contact us:

Website: <https://www.sky-connect.co.za>

Email: info@sky-connect.co.za

Phone: +44 20 7946 0958

Address: 1 Cornhill, London EC3V 3ND, United Kingdom

This document is for informational purposes only. Specifications subject to change without notice.

